

Lesson-14



The equation $x^2 = 121$ has

- A. 1 real solution
- B. 2 imaginary solutions
- C. No solution
- D. 2 real solutions

The equation $x^2 - 18 = 0$ has

- A. 2 real solutions
- B. 1 real solution
- C. 2 imaginary solutions
- D. No solution

The equation $x^2 + 20 = 4$ has

- A. 1 real solution
- B. 2 real solutions
- C. 2 imaginary solutions
- D. No solution



Find the value of 'c' that will complete the square of the following quadratic polynomial. $x^2 + 12x + c$

A. 6

B. 36

C. 12

D. -6

Find the value of 'c' that will allow this polynomial to be written as a perfect square. $x^2 - 7x + c$

A. $\frac{7}{2}$ B. $-\frac{49}{4}$ C. -7

D. $\frac{49}{4}$

Use the square root property to solve this quadratic equation. $x^2 - 4 = 0$

A. 2

- B. {4,-4}
- C. {2,-2}
- D. {1,-1}

Use the square root property to solve this quadratic equation $(x+4)^2 = 25$

- A. $\{9, -1\}$
- B. {-29}
- C. $\{-9,1\}$
- D. {1}

Use the square root property to solve this quadratic equation $(x-1)^2 = -12$

- A. $-1\pm 2i\sqrt{3}$
- **B.** -11
- **C.** $3i\sqrt{3}$
- D. $1\pm 2i\sqrt{3}$

Solve this quadratic equation by completing the square.

- $x^2 4x = 5$
- A. $\{11, -7\}$
- **B.** {1.73, -1.73}
- C. $\{5,-1\}$
- D. {1,3}

Solve this quadratic equation by completing the square. $x^2 - 14x = 0$

A. {0,14}

B. 49

C. ±7

D. {-14,0}