

Questions

Chapter 1 Chem 101

- 1) Which of the following is SI base unit of time?
a- year b- second c-hour d- meter

- 2) Which of the following is a crystalline solid?
a-NaCl b-glass c- plastic d-CO₂

- 3) is the abbreviation for the prefix mega.
a- k b-m c- M d- n

- 4) -Which of the following is a homogenous mixture?
a- wet sand b- vegetable soup c- blood d- water

- 5) The SI unit of temperature is.....
a- K b- °C c- °F d- t

- 6) Which of the following is a compound?
a- helium b-pure water c-sand d-soup

- 7) Which of the following is a liquid at room temperature?
a- gasoline b- hydrogen c- diamond d- sodium

- 8) Water is an example of -----
a-compound b-heterogeneous mixture c-element d-homogeneous mixture

- 9) Which of the following is length SI unit?
a- meter b-kilogram c-second d-kelvin

10) The following prefix 10^{-3} means?

- a-kilo b-deci c-centi d-milli

11) Sugar with tea is an example of -----

- a-substance b-heterogeneous mixture c-element d-homogeneous mixture

12) Condensation refers to which conversion?

- a- solid \rightarrow gas b-solid \rightarrow liquid c-gas \rightarrow liquid d-gas \rightarrow solid

13) The SI prefixes giga and micro represent by

- a- 10^{-9} and 10^{-6} b- 10^6 and 10^{-3} c- 10^3 and 10^{-3} d- 10^9 and 10^{-6}

14) Plastic considered..... solid material

- a-crystalline b-amorphous c-liquid d-gas

15) Glass ConsideredSolid material

- a-crystalline b-amorphous c-liquid d-gas

16) Diamond consideredsolid material

- a-crystalline b-amorphous c-liquid d-gas

17) Sodium chloride considered.....solid material

- a-crystalline b-amorphous c-liquid d-gas

18) Air considered

- a. Homogenous mixture of gases b. Heterogenous mixture of gases
c. element d. pure substance

19) Carbon dioxide considered

- a. Homogenous mixture of gases b. Heterogenous mixture of gases
c. element d. pure substance

20) Wet sand considered

- a. Homogenous mixture of gases b. Heterogenous mixture of gases
c. element d. pure substance

21) The SI unit of time is

- a-meter b-kilometer c-second d-ampere

22) The SI unit of electric current is

- a-meter b-kilometer c-second d-ampere

23) The factor 10^{-9} corresponds to which prefix?

- a-centi b-milli c-micro d-nano

24) Rusting of iron is considered as ----- .

- a- physical change b- chemical change c- physical property d- chemical property

25) Tendency of iron to rust is a ----- .

- a- physical change b- chemical change c- physical property d- chemical property

26) The evaporation of rubbing alcohol is a -----

- a- physical change b- chemical change c- physical property d- chemical property

27) The bleaching of hair with hydrogen peroxide is a

- a- physical change b- chemical change c- physical property d- chemical property

28) The ability of lamp oil to burn is a -----

- a- physical change b- chemical change c- physical property d- chemical property

29) The forming of frost is a -----

- a- physical change b- chemical change c- physical property d- chemical property

30) Which of the following statements describes a chemical property?

- a-iron has a tendency to rust
b-rainwater in industrialized regions tends to be acidic.
c-Hemoglobin molecules have a red color.
d-When a glass of water is left out in the sun, the water gradually disappears.

31) All of the following considered pure substance except

- a-Co b-CO c-H₂O d-CO₂

32) All of the following considered homogeneous mixture except

- a-tea with sugar
c-oil with water
- b-sugar with water
d-lemon Juice

33) All of the following considered SI base unit except

- a-Kg b-meter c-second d-celsius

34) All of the followings are physical changes, except

- a- evaporation of rubbing alcohol b- forming of frost on cold night
c- burning of lamp oil d- smell of gasoline

35) All of the followings are physical changes, except

- a- odor of paint thinner b- shining of gold and silver
c- flammability of propane gas d- tendency of ethyl alcohol to burn

36) In the following list, only _____ is not an example of a chemical change.

- a- burning a plastic water bottle b-the production of hydrogen gas from water
c- the tarnishing of a copper penny d- forming of frost on cold night

37) In the following list, only ____ is not an example of a chemical change.

- a-the rusting of iron b- the condensation of water vapor
c-a burning candle d- the formation of polyethylene from ethylene

38) Which of the following is not SI base unit?

- a-mole b-g c-K d- meter

39) An element cannot _____.

- a-be part of a heterogeneous mixture
b- be part of a homogeneous mixture
c-be separated into other substances by chemical means
d- interact with other elements to form compounds

40) What is 0.000000027 expressed in scientific notation?

- a- 2.7×10^8 b- 2.7×10^{-7} c- 27×10^{-9} d- 2.7×10^{-8}

41) Choose the largest value of the following

- a-0.1 kg b-200 g c- $2 \times 10^{-3} \mu\text{g}$ d- $3 \times 10^9 \text{ ng}$

42) Of the following, _____ is the smallest mass.

- a-55 kg b-55 mg c- 55 pg d-55 fg

43) Of the following, _____ is the largest mass.

- a-25 kg b- 2.5×10^{-2} mg c- 2.5×10^{15} pg d- 2.5×10^9 ng

44) Which one of the following is the highest temperature?

- a-38 °C b- 96 °F c- 302 K d-none of the above

45) The freezing point of water at 1 atm pressure is _____.

- a-0 °F b-0 K c-32 °F d-273 °C

46) 1 nanometer = _____ picometers

- a-1000 b-0.1 c-0.01 d-1

47) 1 kilogram = _____ milligrams

- a- 1×10^{-6} b-1,000 c-10,000 d-1,000,000

48) 1 picometer = _____ centimeters

- a- 1×10^{10} b- 1×10^{-10} c- 1×10^{-12} d- 1×10^{-8}

49) 80°F is equivalent to

- a- 359.55 K b- 86.4 °C c- 26.67 °C° d- 353.15 K

50) A temperature of _____ K is the same as 63 °F.

- a-17 b-276 c-290 d-29

51) Convert 433kg into mg

- a- 1.245×10^5 mg b- 11.2×10^9 mg c-9.245 mg d- 433×10^6

52) How many dm in 515 km?

- a- 5.15×10^3 b- 5.15×10^4 c- 5.15×10^6 d- 5.15×10^{-3}

53) How many meters in 2.3 nm?

- a- 2.3×10^9 b- 2.3×10^8 c- 2.3×10^{-9} d- 2.3×10^{-8}

54) How many kg in 2.3 ng?

- a- 2.3×10^3 b- 2.3×10^{12} c- 0.23×10^{-11} d- 2.3×10^{-9}

55) What is the density of a piece of wood that has a mass of 20 g and a volume of 2 cm³?

- a- 9.45 g.cm^{-3} b- 10.00 g.cm^{-3} c- 19.45 g.cm^{-3} d- 40.00 g.cm^{-3}

56) Osmium has a density of 22.6 g/cm³. What volume (in cm³) would be occupied by a 21.8 g sample of osmium?

- a- 0.965 b-1.04 c-493 d- 2.03×10^{-3}

57) Iron has a density of 7.9 g/cm³. What is the mass of a cube of iron with the length of one side equal to 55.0 mm?

- a- $2.1 \times 10^4 \text{ g}$ b- $4.3 \times 10^2 \text{ g}$ c- $1.3 \times 10^3 \text{ g}$ d-1.4 g

58) What is the density of an object that has a mass of 149.8g and a volume of 12.1 cm³

- a- 0.45 g/cm^3 b- 12.38 g/cm^3 c- 9.45 g/cm^3 d- 9.00 g/cm^3

59) The density of Piece of metal is 8.65g/cm³, when express the density in a unit of kg/m³, it will be equal

- a- $8.65 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kg/m}^3$ b- $5.15 \times 10^4 \text{ kg/m}^3$ c- $8.65 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$ d- 8.65 kg/m^3

60) What is the mass of a liquid has 417 mL volume and 1.11 g/cm³ density?

- a- 462.87 g b- 62.87 g c- 50 g d-100 g

61) If 586 g of bromine occupies 188 cm³, what is the density of bromine in g/ cm³?

- a- 31.2 g/ cm^3 b- 0.312 g/ cm^3 c- 4.53 g/ cm^3 d- 3.12 g/ cm^3

62) Bromine is a red liquid at 25°C. Its density is 3.12 g/cm³. What is the volume of 28.1 g of liquid bromine?

- a- 87.7 cm^3 b- 0.111 cm^3 c- 9.01 cm^3 d- 28.1 cm^3